



# Overall Humanitarian Needs in South Sudan





#### 1. Situation overview

The situation remains unpredictable but there was no fighting during the reporting period.

Intertribal tensions continue to exist in Malakal, however UNFPA continues to provide front line staff. Midwives will be returning in the next reporting period and a new GBV specialist has arrived in Juba and will begin work in Malakal shortly.

Although there is currently no fighting in Bentiu the situation remains very tense and the threat of an attack is now a constant concern.

In Awerial, insecurity in the new IDP site is increasing, particularly the looting of household items including food. These incidents, coupled with the presence of men in the compounds at night are influencing the movement of displaced women from the new sites back to Bor town. The issues have been raised with local authorities who are now encouraging women to report incidents to the police so they can be included in their security planning and follow up.

Tension is still high in UN House PoC1 in the aftermath of fighting between youths last week over community leadership. There is also backlash against a proposed voucher program food assistance by WFP. This has resulted in restricted access into the UN House PoC1 and it remains a challenge in terms of direct service delivery. Planned activities for commemoration of 16 Days of activism against violence are currently suspended

Also in Juba, GBV survivors face a challenge filing reports with the police. Some police stations insist that survivors pay or send women to other stations where it is available for free. There is need for continuous engagement by GBV Subcluster with police to ensure that the forms to file reports are always free and easily available for survivors who need to report abuse.

One maternal death was reported in Kuacjok. The woman was in her 26<sup>th</sup> week of pregnancy and the death was due to intestinal obstruction.

The political situation remains unstable. During the reporting period a high-ranking general in the South Sudanese army (SPLA) disappeared amid tensions and ongoing uncertainties in the capital, Juba.

The opposition, under leader Riek Macahr will on Friday begin its long awaited consultative conference in the South Sudanese border town of Pagak close to Ethiopia



#### 2. Highlights of UNFPA Emergency Response

In Awerial, women leaders joined the outreach team to facilitate GBV discussions in the community as part of their participation in the 16 days of activism on violence against women. The aim was to sensitize men on harmful cultural practices/beliefs, the consequences on women and girls' health and social lives and why it was important to protect them.

In Awerial, UNFPA and partners are working to engage men and boys in the campaign against GBV. During the reporting period 40 male activists began creating awareness on GBV key messages and available services in their respective neighborhoods. Local religious leaders also continue creating awareness on GBV in their respective churches.

In Mingkaman, UNFPA and other GBV actors have been successful in negotiating for land to be used to construct a women's center in Mingkaman and ACTED, the camp managers have started leveling the ground.

In Malakal GBV actors resumed GBV prevention and response services on 24 November and a a commemoration for 16 days of activism was held inside the PoC under the theme: "No to war and violence against women and girls. Let's unite and make peace at home and in the community".

In Juba, outside of the PoCs, Implementing partners IsraAid and Don Bosco Church, officially opened a permanent Child Friendly Space for IDP and host children, and the event was attended by both women and men.

In Terekeka, 150 dignity kits were distributed to girls in 2 schools and also at the hospital. Distribution was combined with awareness raising sessions.

In Rumbek there was a HIV counseling and testing for pregnant women campaign carried out and as a result 104 women were tested.

The second campaign to end obstetric fistula is taking place in Aweil and so far 22 women and girls have been successfully repaired.





IDP women in Awerial perform as a token of thanks to UNFPA and partners for service delivery.

### 3. RH and GBV Service Delivery

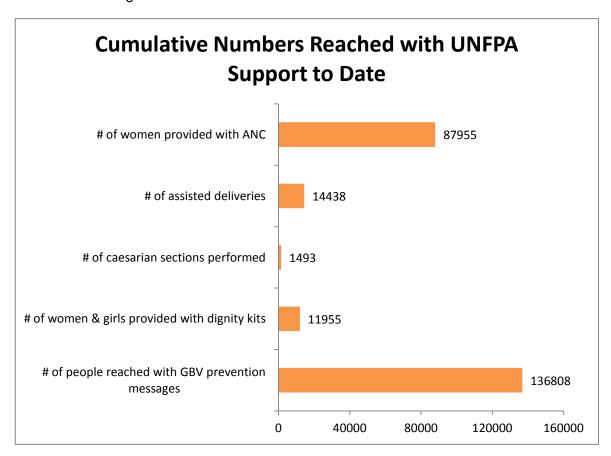
The table below summarizes selected indicators of service delivery for the reporting week.

Figure 1: showing indicators and numbers of individuals served





Cumulatively, using selected core indicators, the status since 15 December 2013 is as summarized in Figure 2 below:



#### 4. Resource Mobilization

The CO has mobilised and invested US \$ 6,413,333. The funding is from the following sources CHF US \$1,400,000; Emergency Fund US \$ 850,000; Japan Government US \$ 1,200,000; CERF US \$ 887,000; Denmark Government US \$ 500,000. Additionally, the CO has also allocated slightly over US \$ 1,5 million from the core resources to respond to the humanitarian emergency. More then 80% of these funds are already utilised or committed. We have a gap of nearly US \$11 millions out of the US \$17 million



### 5. Communication and Advocacy

T-shirts and hats were distributed in the Juba PoCs as well as in Mingkaman and Malakal for 16 Days of Activism. The 16 days of activism campaign has resulted in radio shows on both Internews and Miraya Radio discussing GBV in South Sudan.

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